

Package ‘TRIANG’

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Type Package

Title Discrete triangular distributions

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Description This is a package for discrete triangular distributions which complete the classical discrete distributions like binomial, Poisson and Negative binomial.

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dtrg	<i>Discrete triangular distributions</i>
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Description

The function plots discrete triangular distributions

Usage

```
dtrg(c, a, h, y)
```

Arguments

c	The center c is an integer
a	The arm a is a non-negative integer
h	The order h is a positive real number
y	The vector of observations

Details

The discrete triangular distribution have probability mass functions

$$P(y) = ((a + 1)^h - (abs(y - c))^h) / A$$

where $A = (2 * a + 1) * (a + 1)^h - 2 * \sum(k^h), k = 1, 2, \dots, a$, is the normalizing constant. The mean is equal to c and the variance is given by $V(a, h) = (1/A)(a(2 * a + 1)(a + 1)^{(h + 1)})/3 - 2 * \sum(k^h), k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, a$.

Value

The value returned is a vector of numbers in the interval [0,1]

Author(s)

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References

Kokonendji, C.C., Senga Kiessé, T. and Zocchi, S.S. (2007). Discrete triangular distributions and non-parametric estimation for probability mass function. *Journal of Nonparametric Statistics* 19, 241–254.

Examples

```
##These examples provide some discrete triangular distributions of order
## h in {1/12, 1/2, 1, 2, 12} centered in c=5 with arm a=4 .
y=0:10
a=4
c=5
h=12
T12=dtrg(c, a, h, y)
h=2
T2=dtrg(c, a, h, y)
h=1
T1=dtrg(c, a, h, y) ##The case h=1 provides a discrete triangular distribution
##said to be pyramidal
h=1/2
T_05=dtrg(c, a, h, y)
h=1/12
T_012=dtrg(c, a, h, y)
plot(y, T1, xlab="y", ylab="Probab(y)", xlim=c(0, 11), ylim=c(0, 0.7),
main="Some Discrete triangular distributions centered in c=y=5 with arm a=4", cex.lab=1.5,
cex.axis=1.5, pch=20)
```

```

lines(y,T1,pch=20,lty=1)
points(y,T_012,pch=17)
lines(y,T_012,lty=1)
points(y,T2)
lines(y,T2,lty=2)
points(y,T12)
lines(y,T12, lty=1)
points(y,T_05, pch=17)
lines(y,T_05,lty=2)
op <- par(bg="white")
legend(8,0.7,c("h=1/12", "h=1/2","h=1", "h=2", "h=12"),pch=c(17,17,20,1,1),
lty=c(1,2,1,2,1),cex = 1.2)
par(op)
## The function is defined as
function(c,a,h,y){ T=rep(0,length(y));

  if (a==0)
  {
    {for (j in 1:length(y))          # Loop in j for each observation y

      {if (y[j]==c)
        T[j]= 1 # Dirac distribution at c

        else{
          T[j]=0
        }
      }
    }
  }

else
{
  if (h==0)
  {
    {for (j in 1:length(y))          # Loop in j for each observation y

      {if (y[j]==c)
        T[j]= 1 # Dirac distribution at c

        else{
          T[j]=0
        }
      }
    }
  }

else if (h==Inf)
{
  {for (j in 1:length(y))          # Loop in j for each observation y

    {if (y[j]>=(c-a) & y[j]<=(c+a)) # Support {c-a,...,c,...c+a}
      T[j]= 1/(2*a+1) # Discrete uniform distribution
    }
  }
}
}

```

```

        else{
            T[j]=0
        }
    }
}

else
{ u=0

  {for (k in 1:a)

    {
      u=u+k^h
    }

  }

  A=(2*a+1)*(a+1)^h-2*u          # Normalizing constant
  {for (j in 1:length(y))        # Loop in j for each observation y

    {if (y[j]>=(c-a) & y[j]<=(c+a)) # Support {c-a,...,c,...c+a}
      T[j]= ((a+1)^h - (abs(y[j]-c))^h)/A # Discrete triangular distribution

    }

  }

}

return(T)
}

```

 TRIANG

Discrete triangular distributions

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References

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